

## MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

### نموذج وصف المادة الدراسية

Module Information			
معلومات المادة الدراسية			
Module Title	Math for AI (I)		Module Delivery
Module Type	S		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Theory <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lecture <input type="checkbox"/> Lab <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tutorial <input type="checkbox"/> Practical <input type="checkbox"/> Seminar
Module Code	ZU-SC-AI-1A-MATH		
ECTS Credits	4		
SWL (hr/sem)	125		
Module Level	UG – Year 1	Semester of Delivery	
Administering Department	Artificial Intelligence	College	College of Science
Module Leader	م.م عبدالله شعلان ننف	e-mail	Abdulah.shalan@alzahu.edu.iq
Module Leader's Acad. Title	Assistant teacher	Module Leader's Qualification	
Module Tutor		e-mail	
Peer Reviewer Name		e-mail	
Scientific Committee Approval Date		Version Number	1.0

Relation with other Modules			
العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى			
Prerequisite module	None	Semester	
Co-requisites module	None	Semester	

## Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents

### أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية

<p><b>Module Objectives</b> أهداف المادة الدراسية</p>	<p>This module aims to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Provide students with a strong mathematical foundation tailored to AI applications.</li><li>2. Develop understanding of vectors, matrices, and linear transformations used in data representation.</li><li>3. Introduce calculus concepts essential for optimization and learning algorithms.</li><li>4. Build logical and discrete reasoning skills for knowledge representation and reasoning systems.</li><li>5. Introduce numerical methods relevant to computational AI algorithms.</li><li>6. Bridge abstract mathematical concepts with real AI and machine learning applications.</li></ol>
<p><b>Module Learning Outcomes</b> مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية</p>	<p>Upon successful completion of this module, students will be able to:</p> <p><b>LO1:</b> Explain sets, functions, vectors, and matrices and describe their role in representing AI data.</p> <p><b>LO2:</b> Apply vector operations, norms, and orthogonality to analyze and compare AI data representations.</p> <p><b>LO3:</b> Use matrix operations and linear transformations to model data transformations in AI systems.</p> <p><b>LO4:</b> Solve systems of linear equations and analyze matrix properties used in AI model formulation.</p> <p><b>LO5:</b> Explain eigenvalues, eigenvectors, and Principal Component Analysis (PCA) for dimensionality reduction in AI.</p> <p><b>LO6:</b> Apply limits and derivatives to analyze change and learning behavior in AI models.</p> <p><b>LO7:</b> Compute partial derivatives and gradient vectors for multivariable functions in AI and machine learning.</p> <p><b>LO8:</b> Apply gradient descent and optimization techniques to train simple AI and machine learning models.</p> <p><b>LO9:</b> Use integrals to model accumulation, continuous quantities, and cost functions in AI systems.</p> <p><b>LO10:</b> Apply propositional and predicate logic to represent knowledge and reasoning in AI systems.</p> <p><b>LO11:</b> Use sets, relations, and discrete structures to organize and analyze AI data.</p> <p><b>LO12:</b> Apply graph theory concepts to model decision trees, networks, and relationships in AI.</p>

	<p><b>LO13:</b> Use numerical differentiation and integration to approximate and analyze AI model behavior.</p>
<p><b>Indicative Contents</b> المحتويات الإرشادية</p>	<p><b><u>Part A – Mathematical Foundations (8 hours)</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Sets, functions, and basic mathematical notation</li> <li>– Scalars, vectors, and matrices</li> <li>– Mathematical abstraction and representation</li> <li>– Importance of mathematics in Artificial Intelligence</li> <li>– AI context: data as vectors, models as functions</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Part B – Linear Algebra for Artificial Intelligence (28 hours)</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Vector operations and vector spaces</li> <li>– Norms, distances, and orthogonality</li> <li>– Matrix operations and matrix multiplication</li> <li>– Linear transformations and geometric interpretation</li> <li>– Solving linear systems (<math>Ax = b</math>)</li> <li>– Rank, linear independence, and inverse matrices</li> <li>– Eigenvalues and eigenvectors</li> <li>– Diagonalization and Principal Component Analysis (conceptual)</li> <li>– AI context: embeddings, transformations, model parameters, dimensionality reduction</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Part C – Calculus for AI (18 hours)</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Limits and continuity</li> <li>– Tangent lines and rates of change</li> <li>– Definition and interpretation of derivatives</li> <li>– Partial derivatives and gradient vectors</li> <li>– Chain rule and multivariable differentiation</li> <li>– Optimization concepts and gradient descent</li> <li>– Learning rate and convergence behavior</li> <li>– AI context: loss functions and model optimization</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Part D – Integrals and Continuous Models (8 hours)</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Indefinite integrals and antiderivatives</li> <li>– Definite integrals and area under curves</li> <li>– Fundamental Theorem of Calculus</li> <li>– Conceptual introduction to numerical integration</li> <li>– AI context: cumulative measures and continuous cost functions</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Part E – Logic, Discrete Mathematics, and Numerical Methods (16 hours)</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Propositional and predicate logic</li> <li>– Truth tables, quantifiers, and logical inference</li> <li>– Sets, relations, and counting principles</li> <li>– Graph theory fundamentals (nodes, edges, trees, connectivity)</li> <li>– Numerical differentiation and approximation of derivatives</li> <li>– Error analysis and computational considerations</li> <li>– Numerical integration concepts and stability</li> <li>– AI context: reasoning systems, decision trees, networks, numerical gradients</li> </ul>

## Learning and Teaching Strategies

### استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم

<b>Strategies</b>	The course is delivered through structured lectures combined with problem-solving sessions. Teaching strategies include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Conceptual explanations with visual intuition</li> <li>- Step-by-step mathematical derivations</li> <li>- AI-motivated examples</li> <li>- Guided problem solving</li> <li>- Continuous formative feedback</li> </ul>
	These strategies aim to strengthen analytical thinking and prepare students for advanced AI coursework.

## Student Workload (SWL)

### الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا

<b>Structured SWL (h/sem)</b> الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	78	<b>Structured SWL (h/w)</b> الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	5.2
<b>Unstructured SWL (h/sem)</b> الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	72	<b>Unstructured SWL (h/w)</b> الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4.8
<b>Total SWL (h/sem)</b> الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	<b>150</b>		

## Module Evaluation

### تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
<b>Formative assessment</b>	<b>Quizzes</b>	2	5% (10)	4 and 10	LO1–LO3, LO7–LO9
	<b>Assignments</b>	2	5% (10)	7 and 12	LO1–LO6, LO7-10
	<b>Projects</b>	2	5% (10)	14	L1-L7 , L8-L13
	<b>Report</b>	1	10% (10)	14	LO11–LO13
<b>Summative assessment</b>	<b>Midterm Exam</b>	1 hrs	10% (10)	8	LO1–LO7
	<b>Final Exam</b>	3 hrs	50% (50)	16	All
<b>Total assessment</b>			100% (100 Marks)		

## Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)

### المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري

	Material Covered
Week 1	<b>Mathematical Foundations</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sets, functions, and basic notation</li> <li>• Scalars, vectors, and matrices</li> <li>• Why mathematics is the core of AI</li> <li>• <b>AI connection:</b> data as vectors, models as functions</li> </ul>
Week 2	<b>Linear Algebra for AI: Vectors and Spaces</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vector operations</li> <li>• Norms and distances</li> <li>• Orthogonality</li> <li>• <b>AI example:</b> image and text embeddings</li> </ul>
Week 3	<b>Linear Algebra for AI: Matrices and Transformations</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Matrix multiplication</li> <li>• Geometric transformations</li> <li>• Linear mappings</li> <li>• <b>AI example:</b> pixel transformations, data rotation</li> </ul>
Week 4	<b>Linear Algebra for AI: Linear Systems and Matrix Properties</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Solving linear systems (<math>Ax = b</math>)</li> <li>• Rank and linear independence</li> <li>• Inverse matrices</li> <li>• <b>AI example:</b> solving model weights</li> </ul>
Week 5	<b>Linear Algebra for AI: Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Eigen-decomposition</li> <li>• Diagonalization</li> <li>• Principal Component Analysis (conceptual)</li> <li>• <b>AI example:</b> dimensionality reduction</li> </ul>
Week 6	<b>Introduction to Calculus: Foundations of Calculus</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Limits and continuity</li> <li>• Tangent lines and instantaneous change</li> <li>• Definition of the derivative</li> <li>• <b>AI application:</b> change in model error over time</li> </ul>
Week 7	<b>Mid-term Exam</b>
Week 8	<b>Derivatives and Their Applications: Derivatives in Multiple Dimensions</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Partial derivatives</li> <li>• Gradient vectors</li> <li>• Directional derivatives</li> <li>• Chain rule</li> <li>• <b>AI application:</b> gradients in neural networks (conceptual)</li> </ul>
Week 9	<b>Derivatives and Their Applications: Optimization Using Derivatives</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Critical points</li> <li>• Gradient descent</li> <li>• Learning rate</li> <li>• Convex vs. non-convex functions</li> <li>• <b>AI application:</b> training simple models</li> </ul>
Week 10	<b>Integrals and Their Applications: Integrals</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Indefinite integrals (antiderivatives)</li> <li>• Definite integrals and area under curves</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fundamental Theorem of Calculus</li> <li>• Numerical integration (conceptual)</li> <li>• <b>AI application:</b> continuous cost functions, cumulative measures</li> </ul>
<b>Week 11</b>	<b>Logic: Propositional and Predicate Logic</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Statements, connectives, truth tables</li> <li>• Quantifiers</li> <li>• Logical implications</li> <li>• <b>AI application:</b> reasoning systems, knowledge bases</li> </ul>
<b>Week 12</b>	<b>Discrete Mathematics: Sets and Structures</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Set operations</li> <li>• Functions and relations</li> <li>• Counting principles</li> <li>• <b>AI application:</b> data structures and model relationships</li> </ul>
<b>Week 13</b>	<b>Discrete Mathematics: Introduction to Graph Theory</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nodes, edges, and paths</li> <li>• Trees</li> <li>• Connectivity</li> <li>• <b>AI application:</b> decision trees, networks</li> </ul>
<b>Week 14</b>	<b>Numerical Methods for AI: Numerical Differentiation</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Approximating derivatives</li> <li>• Error analysis</li> <li>• <b>AI application:</b> how computers approximate gradients</li> </ul> <b>Numerical Methods for AI: Numerical Integration</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Approximation methods (trapezoid rule, Simpson's rule – conceptual)</li> <li>• Stability and computational limits</li> </ul>
<b>Week 15</b>	<b>General Review</b>
<b>Week 16</b>	<b>Preparatory week before the final Exam</b>

### Learning and Teaching Resources

#### مصادر التعلم والتدريس

	Text	Available in the Library?
<b>Required Texts</b>	Deisenroth, Marc Peter, A. Aldo Faisal, and Cheng Soon Ong. <i>Mathematics for machine learning</i> . Cambridge University Press, 2020.	Yes
<b>Recommended Texts</b>	Hartmann, Peter. <i>Mathematics for Computer Scientists: A Practice-Oriented Approach</i> . Springer Nature, 2023.	Yes
<b>Websites</b>	<a href="https://www.khanacademy.org/math/">https://www.khanacademy.org/math/</a>	

### Grading Scheme

#### مخطط الدرجات

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
<b>Success Group (50 - 100)</b>	<b>A - Excellent</b>	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
	<b>B - Very Good</b>	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
	<b>C - Good</b>	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
	<b>D - Satisfactory</b>	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings

	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
<b>Fail Group (0 – 49)</b>	<b>FX – Fail</b>	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
	<b>F – Fail</b>	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

**Note:** Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.